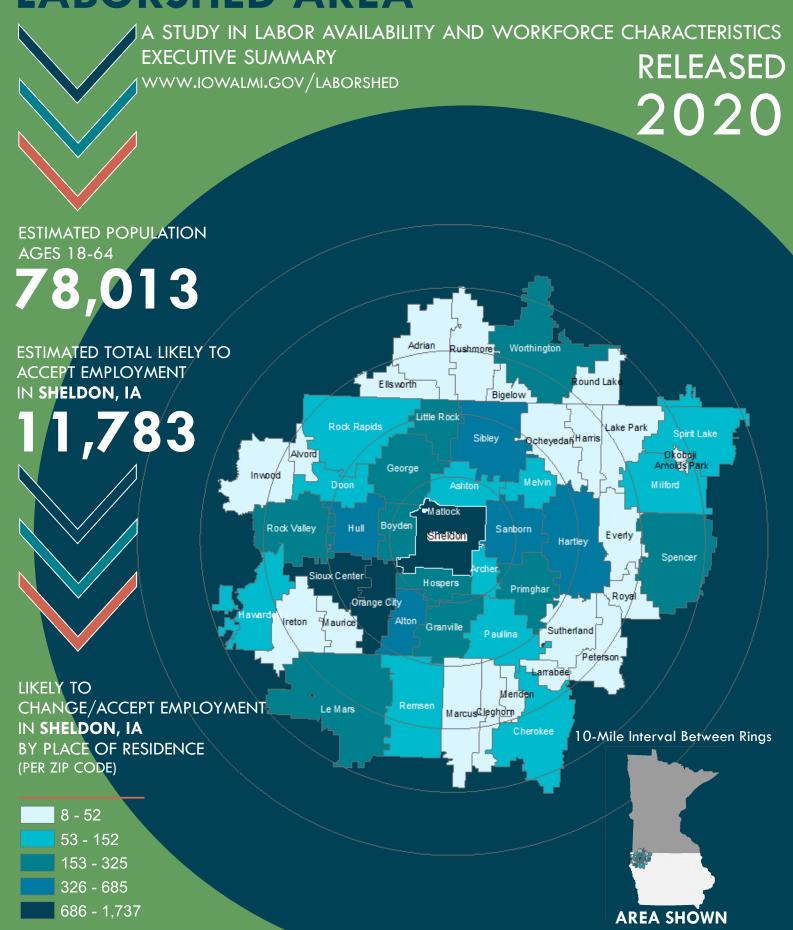
## SHELDON, IOWA LABORSHED AREA



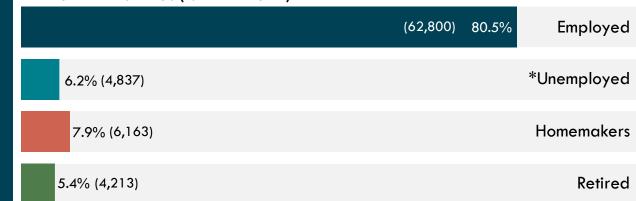
A Laborshed area is defined by its commuting pattern and illustrates which communities contribute to an employment center's workforce and at what level. To determine the boundaries of a Laborshed area, local employers supply the residential ZIP codes of each of their employees. The data in this publication reflects characteristics specific to the workforce in the Sheldon Laborshed area.

The employed are currently commuting an average of-



## SHELDON LABORSHED ANALYSIS

**EMPLOYMENT STATUS (ESTIMATED TOTAL)\*** 



<sup>\*</sup>Employment status is self-identified by the survey respondent. The unemployment percentage above does not reflect the unemployment rate published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, which applies a stricter definition.



# Likely to Accept Employment 36.4%

Accounts

Likely to Accept Employment 56.0%

Unemployed -

•		•		••	•		•				•• ••		•• •• •• ••
BREA (ESTI		OF 1		MPLO	(ED B	Y IND	USTRY	ſ					TOP CURRENT BENEFITS OF THE FULL-TIME EMPLOYED
1,178)												\$	Health/Medical Insurance 86.4%
17.8% (11,178)	(262'6)	(262'6)										(\$)	Pension/ Retirement/401K <b>79.6%</b>
		5.6% (9,						_				<b>W</b>	Dental Coverage <b>69.8</b> %
Social Services,	Education, 15.6%	_	(7,222)			,517)		(2,952)	63)			7	Life Insurance <b>69.4</b> %
≪	Educati	Retail Trade,	1.5% (7,	52)		5.6% (3	(3,140)	, 4.7%	% (2,7	2	14	\\ \tag{\tau}	Paid Holidays <b>68.5</b> %
Healthcare		∞	_	(5,652)	(22)	$^3$ Transportation, $5.6\%~(3,517)$	Construction, 5.0% (3,140)	Professional Services, 4.7% $(2,952)$	Personal Services, 4.4% (2,763)	3.1% (1,947)	Entertainment & Recreation, 0.5% (314)		Disability Insurance 63.8%
H		Wholesale	Manufacturing,	rre, 9.0%	(4,522)	ranspor	struction	ssional	al Servi	nt, 3.1%	eation,	0	Vision Coverage <b>62.1%</b>
			Mar	<sup>1</sup> Agriculture,	<sup>2</sup> Finance, 7.2%	3T	Con	Profe	Person	Government,	& Recr	À	Paid Vacation <b>58.3</b> %
				1	<sup>2</sup> Fino					δ δ	ainment		Paid Sick Leave <b>55.7%</b>
											Entert		Flex Spending 48.5%

Totals may vary due to rounding. <sup>1</sup>Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining <sup>3</sup>Transportation, Communications, & Utilities

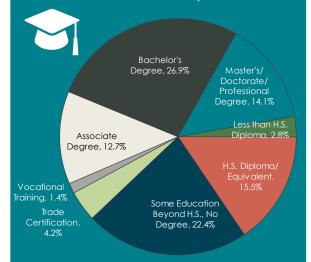
<sup>2</sup>Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate <sup>4</sup>Public Administration, Government

## EMPLOYED: LIKELY TO CHANGE

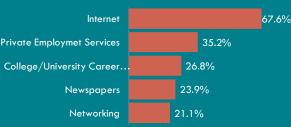
- An estimated 9,574 employed individuals are likely to change their current employment situation for an opportunity in Sheldon
- Current occupational categories:

Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	32.8%
<b>Production, Construction, Material Moving</b>	20.9%
Clerical	17.9%
Service	14.9%
Managerial	6.0%
Sales	4.5%
Agricultural	3.0%

- Current median wages: \$
  - \$16.92/hour and \$66,000/year
  - \$18.35/hour attracts 66%
  - \$20.00/hour attracts 75%
- 81.7% have an education beyond HS



- · 26.8% are actively seeking employment
- Most frequently identified job search resources:



• Top sites:

· Top newspapers:

indeed.com linkedin.com teachiowa.gov

NEWS

N'West lowa Review-Sheldon
Sioux City Journal
Sioux Center News

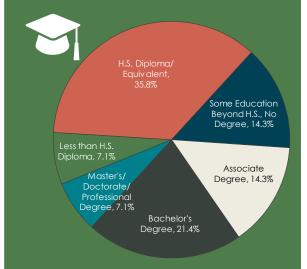
- · Commute:
  - Currently commuting an average of 10 miles/14 minutes (one-way) to work
  - Willing to commute an average of 26 miles/32 minutes (one-way) to work

## UNEMPLOYED: LIKELY TO ACCEPT

- An estimated 438 unemployed individuals are likely to accept employment in Sheldon
- Former occupational categories:

Managerial	27.3%
Service	27.3%
Clerical	18.1%
Production, Construction, Material Moving	9.1%
Professional, Paraprofessional, Technical	9.1%
Sales	9.1%
Agricultural	0.0%

- Median wages: \$
  - \$10.50/hour lowest willing to accept
  - \$12.26/hour attracts 66%
  - \$13.50/hour attracts 75%
- 57.1% have an education beyond HS



- 50.0% are actively seeking employment
- Most frequently identified job search resources:

Networking	64.3%
Networking	21.4%
Newspapers	21.4%
Private Employment Services	21.4%

• Top sites:

indeed.com

Top newspapers:

\* insufficient survey data to report

- Commute:
  - Willing to commute an average of 21 miles/26 minutes (one-way) to work







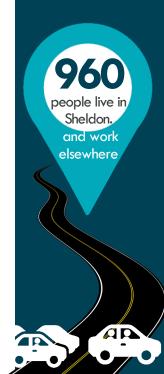
The Laborshed survey collects information regarding the **out commute** for an employment center.

The out commute for Sheldon is estimated at 31.0 percent— approximately 960 people living in Sheldon work in other communities.

Most of those who are out commuting are working in Hospers and Orange City.

Over one-third (36.1%) of out commuters are likely to change employment (approximately 347 people).

44.4% earn an hourly wage—median wage is \$18.50/hour 52.8% earn an annual salary—median salary is \$80,000/year



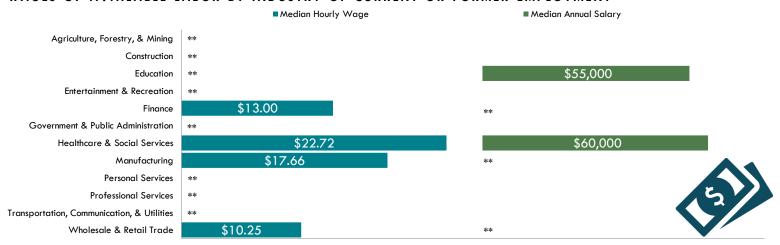
### EDUCATION OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT

Data on this page is specific to only those survey respondents that reported they are likely to change or accept employment.

Industry	Education Beyond HS	Some Education Beyond HS, No Degree Obtained	Trade Certification/ Vocational Training	Associate Degree	Bachelor's  Degree or Above
Agriculture, Forestry, & Mining	100%	20.0%	0.0%	20.0%	60.0%
Construction	60.0%	40.0%	20.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Education	100%	12.5%	0.0%	6.3%	81.2%
Entertainment & Recreation	**	**	**	**	0.0%
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	75.0%	12.5%	0.0%	37.5%	25.0%
Government & Public Administration	60.0%	20.0%	0.0%	20.0%	20.0%
Healthcare & Social Services	95.0%	25.0%	5.0%	15.0%	50.0%
Manufacturing	45.5%	18.2%	0.0%	0.0%	27.3%
Personal Services	**	**	**	**	**
Professional Services	83.3%	16.7%	16.7%	16.7%	33.2%
Transportation, Communication, & Utilities	**	**	**	**	**
Wholesale & Retail Trade	63.2%	26.3%	0.0%	15.8%	21.1%

Top percentages among industries per education level are highlighted in the table.

### WAGES OF AVAILABLE LABOR BY INDUSTRY OF CURRENT OR FORMER EMPLOYMENT



<sup>\*\*</sup>Insufficient survey data/refused. A lack of data for a particular industry is not necessarily indicative that there were no (or few) individuals surveyed within that industry. Rather, it may be that there simply were no respondents within that industry that also reported that they are likely to change or accept employment.

Note: A wide variety of occupations are included within these industry categories. Industry classification is based upon the respondent's reported current or former employer. Two respondents that work for a manufacturer will be classified within the manufacturing industry even if, for example, one respondent is a custodian and the other is an accountant.

### UNDEREMPLOYMENT

The underemployed are working fewer than 35 hours per week but desire more hours (**inadequate hours**); in positions that do not meet their skill or education level, or have worked for higher wages at previous employment (**mismatch of skills**); or are earning wages equal to or less than the national poverty level and work 35 or more hours per week (**low income**).

	Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total		Percent Surveyed	Estimated Total
Inadequate Hours	1.2%	115	Mismatch of Skills	3.2%	306
\$ Low Income	0.2%	19	\( \sqrt{\tau} \tau_{\tau} \)	3.7%	354

†Individuals may be underemployed for more than one reason but are counted only once for total estimated underemployment.

Note: To be counted as underemployed in any category an individual must be currently employed and likely to change their current employment situation.



